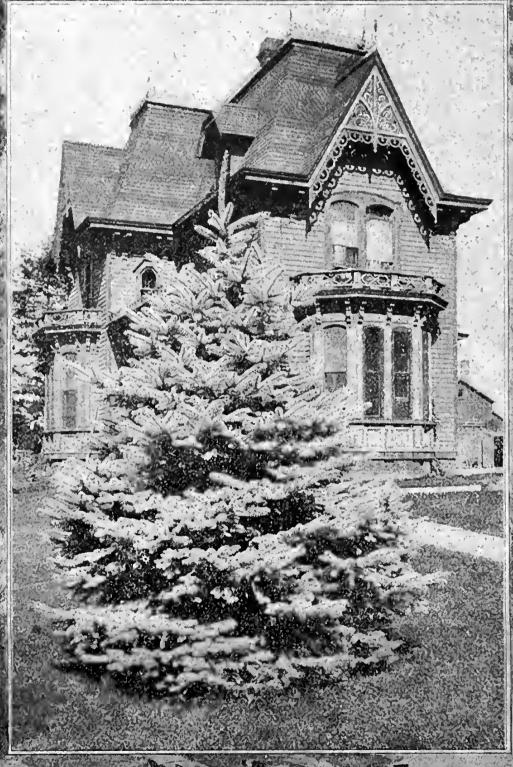
DATITES CATALOGIE

FOR 1898



EVERGREENS SPECIALTY

ESTABLISHED OVER 10 YEARS

... WHOLESALE CATALOGUE ...

. . . OF . . .

EVERGREENS.

... GROWN BY ...

D. HILL, EVERGREEN SPECIALIST,

Dundee,

Illinois.

INDEX.

The Picture on the first cover page represents a Picea Pungens growing on lawn in front of the proprietor's residence.

Ferms and Conditions	. 1
Evergreen Seedlings	° 2-3
Transplanted Evergreens 4	-5-6
Nursery Grown Shade and Ornamental Trees	6-7
Description of Evergreens	8-11

HAWKEYE PRINT.

. . D. HILL'S CATALOGUE OF . .

... EVERGREENS

FOR NURSERYMEN AND DEALERS ONLY.

Terms and Conditions.

IN PRESENTING MY NEW TRADE LIST I desire to thank my friends and patrons, one and all, for your liberal patronage and solicit your future trade, with the assurance that both office and nursery is better equipped than ever to serve you in a satisfactory manner.

TERMS OF PAYMENT to known, reliable parties, June 1st. Uuknown patrons, cash, bankable note or bank references required.

C. O. D. Orders must be accompanied by one-half cash.

Remittances can be sent as follows at my risk: Draft on Chicago or New York, Postoffice and Express Orders and Registered Letter. Do not send money in an ordinary letter without registering.

TREES furnished: Five of a size and variety at 10 rates; 50 at 100 rates; 500 at 1000 rates, etc.

PACKING Moss in Abundance. The work of packing is done by men of long experience and in a workmanlike manner, and for which I charge only for material used.

No Charge for delivering shipments to freight or express office, after which they are at the risk of purchasers.

Orders should be plainly written on a separate sheet from letter, with shipping directions—freight or express.

Excellent Shipping Facilities.

My nursery is located on the open prairie, forty miles northwest of Chicago, on the C. & N. W. R'y, in direct communication with all parts of the U. S.

Special to Nurserymen and Dealers.

This list will only be sent to those in the trade. For the past twenty-five years I have made a specialty of growing Hardy Evergreens from seeds. My trees are all healthy and well grown; will be well assorted and packed by men of long experience to travel long distances with safety. While my prices will be found lower than most reliable establishments, I am quite confident that my trees will be equal to the best and superior to most. Certificates of health will accompany each shipment.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

D. HILL, Evergreen Specialist,

DUNDEE, ILLINOIS.

EVERGREEN SEEDLINGS.

Nursery Grown-Thrifty-Fine Plants-Well Rooted.

PICEA PUNGENS-Of Colo	rado	•			
	100.	1,0	000.	10,000.	100.000.
Blue Spruce, three years, 8 to 10 inch	00	30	00		
	3 00	20	00	175 00	
		_		125 00	
" 2 to 3 inch	50	9	00	80 00	
PICEA CONCOLOR—Of Colo	rado).			
	5 00	45	00	•	
" " 6 to 10 inch	3 50	_		• • • • •	
" " 4 to 6 inch	2 50	20	00		
ABIES EXCELSA.					
Norway Spruce, three years, 8 to 10 inch \$.	00	\$ 6	00	\$55 00	\$500 00
" two years, 6 to 8 inch	6 o		00	35 00	300 00
" " 4 to 6 inch	50	3	00	25 00	200 00
" " 3 to 4 inch	50	2	00	18 00	175 00
ABIES ALBA.					
American White Spruce, 2 years, 6 to 9 inch	1 25	g	00	80 oo	
" ' " 2 years, 4 to 6 inch	75	_	00	50 00	
ABIES DOUGLASII-Colorade	, –	ьď		J	
	3 00		00		
	2 00				
	1 00	-		80 00	
ABIES BALSAMEA.		,			
Deleger Pin t	1 35	10	00		
	1 00		00	_	500 00
ABIES CANADENSIS.		,	00	30 00	J 00 00
	1 50	10	00	90 00	
	1 00			60 00	
PICEA ENGELMANII - Of Co		•			
	3 00		co		
	2 00				
ABIES NIGRA.				••••	
	• • •	- 6		•	
	2 00				
PINUS STROBUS.	1 50	10	00	• • • •	
9999 1, 991 ,9					
	1 50			-	
" two years, 4 to 6 inch	1 00	•	00		-
	75	4	00	35 00	300 00
PINUS SYLVESTRIS.				6	
	1 25	_	00		•
10 to 12 iben	1 00	•	00		_
o to to men	75	_	00	. –	400 00
two years, o to a men	75		00	_	
" " 4 to 6 inch	75		00	_	
J to 4 mon.	50	1 4	00	18 00	150 00

PINUS AUSTRIACA	١.			
	100.	1.000.	10,000.	100,000.
Austrian Pine, three years, 12 to 15 inch	I 25	9 00	80 00	
" " " To to 12 mch	1 00	7 00	60 00	
0 to 8 inch	I 00	5 00	45 00	
two years, 4 to 6 mch	75	4 00	35 00	300 00
3 to 5 mcn	60	3 00	25 00	200 00
PINUS MONTANA	•			
Mountain Pine, 2 years, 4 to 6 inch	_	10 00	75 00	
PINUS PONDEROSA	٨.			
Ponderosa Pine, 15 to 18 inch	2 50	20 00		
1.2 to 15 inch		15 00		
" 8 to 10 inch	I 00	8 00		
PITCH PINE.				
Pitch Pine, 6 to 8 inch	I 00	6 00	50 00	
" 4 to 6 inch	75	5 00	40 00	
JUNIPERUS VIRGINIA	NA.			
Red Cedar, two years, 10 to 12 inch	2 50	20 00		
6 to 8 inch	_	15 00		
" one " 4 to 6 inch		10 00	90 00	
" 2 to 3 inch	1 00	8 00	70 00	600 00
THUYA OCCIDENTAL	.IS.			
Arborvitae, American, 8 to 10 inch	I 00	8 00	75.00	
" 6 to 8 inch	I 00	5 00	45 00	
4 to 6 inch	75	3 50	35 00	300 00
" 2 to 4 inch	50	3 00	28 00	200 00
CHINESE PYRAMIDAL	JS.			
Arborvitae, Chinese, two years, 10 to 12 inch	I 50	TO 00		
" 6 to 8 inch	I 00	8 00	70.00	
CHINESE COMPACTA		0 00	70 00	
Arborvitae, Compacta, two years, 10 to 12 inch.	1 50	10 00		
o to o meg.	I 00	8 00	70 00	
CHINESE GOLDEN.				
Arborvitae, Golden, two years, 8 to 10 inch				
" 4 to 6 meh	I 00	8 00		

MY REFERENCES.

By permission, I refer my friends and patrons to the following firms: Honorable B. E. Fernow, Chief of the Department of Forestry, U. S. Agricultural Department, Washington, D. C., (I am growing for the above department a large quantity of the leading varieties of evergreens.) Also, Albert Miller, ex-postmaster, Dundee, Illinois; Express Agent, Dundee, Illinois; Hon. H. B. Willis, Judge of Kane County Circuit Court, Elgin, Illinois; Hon. Norman J. Coleman, St. Louis, Mo., and any reliable nursery firm, bank or eommercial agency, and thousands of pleased enstomers throughout the United States.

Yours Truly,

D. HILL, Evergreen Specialist.

TRANSPLANTED EVERGREENS.

FROM ONE TO THREE TIMES TRANSPLANTED. STOCKY AND WELL ROOTED.

PICEA PUNGENS-BLUE SPRUCE OF COLORADO.

		TIOEA	FUNGE	NO BLUE SPRUCE	Ur		LUF	MUC	•	
					Eac	ch.		l0.	100.	1,000.
Blue	Spruce.	selected	l blue, 3	feet	S 2	50	8		\$	\$
4.6		6.6	1 2	to 2½ feet		00		00		
6.6	6 6	6.6		to 18 inch						• • • • • • •
6.6	6.6			to 18 inch.,,,,		00	_	00		• • • • •
		green t	ints, 3 re	et	2	00	***	00	•••	
6.6	"	4 6	" 2 fc	et	1	00	8	00		
6.6	6 6	slightly	tinted b	lue, 2 feet	I	00	- 8	00		
6 6	6.6	blue an	d green.	as they run in						
t!	he nurs	erv. 15 t	ο τδ incli			50	4	00	30 0 0	
Blue	Sprace	blue and	l green	as they run in		50	' †	00	J o G o	
41	ha nure	oru ta t	a green,	as they run in			_			
D1	Comme	61y, 12 t	o 15 men			40	3	00	20 0 0	
Diue :	spruce,	blue and	a green,	as they run in						
t.	ne nurs	ery, 10 t	0 12 inch			25	2	00	15 00	
Blue	Spruc e,	blue and	d green,	as they run in						
t l	h e n urse	ery, 6 to	10 inch.			20	I	50	10 00	
								J	.0 00	
		P	ICEA CO	NCOLOR-COLOR	AOC	SE	EO.			
Blue 1	Fir. a fe	ef				ro.	7.0	00		
44	ii o fo	ot	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		50		00		• • • • • •
6.6	2 10 11 TR 1			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	00	7		60 o o	
	10 t	0 24 inc	n			75	5	00	40 00	
6 6	" 12 t	o 18 mc.	h			50	3	00	25 00	
"	" IO t	o 12 inc	$\mathtt{h}_{\ldots\ldots}$			30	2	00	15 00	
4.4	" 8 t	o to incl	h			20	I	50	10 00	
						_		J	-0 00	• • • • •
			1	ABIES EXCELSA.						
Norwa	ıv Sprue	ce. a fim	es fransn	lanted, 6 to 7 ft.		75	_	00	20.00	
6.6	., -p-u.		oo transp			75	_	00	30 00	
6.6	6.6	3 "	6.6	5 10 0 11.		50	-	00	25 00	
6.6	4.6	3		4 to 5 ft.		40	3	00	22 00	
		3 "	11	3 to 4 ft.		35	2	00	16 0 0	150 OO
6.6	6.6	3 ''	• 6	2 to 3 ft.		25	2	00	12 00	100 00
4.4	6.6	twice	transplai	nted, 2 feet		20	I	5Ó	10 00	90 00
6.6	6.6	6.4	Ĩ. (18 to 24 in.		15		00	7 00	60 0 0
6.6	6.6	once	6.6	12 to 18 in.		10	-		•	
6.6	6.6	"	6.6					75	4 00	30 o o
6.6	6.6	• 6	"	12 to 15 in.		10		60	3 00	25 00
	•		•	10 to 12 in.		• •		50	2 00	16 00
			AR:	ES CANADENSIS	2					
TT 1 -	-1 C	•			•					
nemio	ck Spru		12 to 18	inch	1 (00	7	00	60 o o	
• 6			10 to 12	inch	7	75	5	00	40 00	
	6.6	6.6	6 t o 1 0	inch				50	25 00	
6.6	6.6	"	4 to 6	inch		•	-	00	18 00	
			т. О		•	•	4	50	10 00	
				ABIES ALBA.						
White	Spruce	3 to 4 fe	ef heav	у		_	_	00		
11	oprace,	2 to 2 fc	oct Heav	J · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0	3		25 0 0	
6.6	66	-04	i			5		50	15 00	
		10 to 24	inch		2	5	I	50	8 00	75 00
6.6	6.6	12 to 18	inch		2	0	I	50	6 oo	55 00
4.6	4.4	10 to 12	inch			5	I	-	4 00	35 00
			• • •		_	-			7 00	33 00

A PIES DOUGLASH COLORA	20.05				
ABIES DOUGLASII-COLORA	Each.		0.	100.	1,000.
Douglas Spruce, 3 to 4 feet	\$ 50	\$4	00	\$30 00	\$
" 2 to 3 feet	40		50	20 00	
" 10 to 12 inch	10		75	6 00	50 00
ABIES ENGELMANII-OF CO	LORAD	٥.			
Engelman Spruce, 3 feet	2 00	18	00		
2 feet	I 50				
	•			•	
ABIES ALBA-BLACK HILLS Pleal, Hill Spruse a to a fact					
Black Hill Spruce. 2 to 3 feet	50 30		00 50	30 00 8 00	 70 00
		•	20	0 00	70 00
ABIES BALSAMEA					
Balsam Fir, 4 to 6 feet	50		00	25 00	• • • • • •
2 to 3 feet	30	2	00	16 00	150 00
12 to 16 men	20		00	7 00	60 00
ro to 15 men	10		75	5 00	40 00
" 6 to 10 inch			50	3 00	20 0 0
ABIES NIGRA.					
Black Spruce, 12 to 18 inch	25	• 1	50	10 00	
" 10 to 12 iuch	20	1	00	7 00	
PINUS SYLVESTRIS	s.				
Scotch Pine, 6 to 8 feet	50	А	00	25 00	225 00
" 5 to 6 feet	40		00	16 00	125 00
"	30	-	50	10 00	90 00
" " 3 to 4 feet	25		00	9 00	75 00
" 2 to 3 feet	25		00	6 00	50 00
" " 18 to 24 inch				4 50	40 00
" " 12 to 18 inch			50	3 00	25 00
" " 10 to 15 inch				2 50	20 00
PINUS AUSTRIACA					
Austrian Pine, 4 to 6 feet, fine	 50	4	00	25 00	
" " 3 to 4 feet	30			15 00	100 00
" 2 to 3 feet	25		25	6 00	50 00
" " 18 to 24 inch	10	•	75	4 00	35 00
" " 12 to 18 inch				3 00	25 00
" 10 to 15 inch	• •			2 50	20 00
PINUS STROBUS.					
White Pine, 3 to 4 feet	40	2	50	ვი იძ	
" ' 2 to 3 feet	40 25	_	50 00	15 00	140 00
" 18 to 24 mch	20		00	7 00	65 00
" " 12 to 18 inch	12	•		•	40 00
" " 10 to 15 inch	10		75	5 00	
10 to 15 Iden			75	3 50	30 00
PINUS PONDEROSA				-	
Ponderosa Pine, Colorado seed, 15 to 18 inch:	20		50		75 00
10 to 15 14011	15	1	00	7 00	55 00
PINUS MONTANA.			-		
Mountain Pine, 3 feet, 2 feet broad	50	_	50	25 00	
	40	_	00	18 00	175 00
" 18 to 24 inch	30		00	_(10 00	85,00
" " 12 to 18 inch	20		50	8 00	70 00
" 10 to 15 inch	15	7	00	6 00	50 00

		JU	NIPER	us v	IRG	INIA	NA.						
							Facb		10.	10	0.	1.00	10.
Red Cedar, 1							\$ 20	5 Ş1	50	\$12	00	\$100	00
	15 to 18						1	5 1	00	9	00	80	00
6 6 6 6	6 to 10	inch,	4.4	4.4					75	5	00	40	00
			JUN	IPER.	, IRI	sH.							
Irish Juniper	, 2 feet						3.	5 .	00	25	00		
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ro to	12 inch					I		25	10	00	90	00
6.6	6 to	8 inch					1	.)	80	7	00	65	00
			HUYA				ıs.						
Arborvitae, E	America:	n. ± to 6	feet. I	heavy	•		51) .	00	30	00		
6.6	4.		feet, l				30		50		00	150	
	4.4		feet,				20		50		00		
b b	* *	18 t o	24 incl	h			1		00		00		00
4.4	h .	12 to	15 incl	h				-	7.5		00		00
		ro to	12 incl	h						•	00	***	60
			тн	UYA .	SIBIL	EICA.							
Siberian Arbo	orvitae,	18 to 2.1	inch,	fine.			.10) ;	00	20	00		
i b		12 to 18					23	_	00	15	00	125	
i •	4 4	10 to 12	inch.				20) 1	50	10	00	90	
			THUY	A CON	MPA :	CTA.							
Compacta Ar.	$\mathbf{borvitae}$, extra	nice, 3	fcet.			60) 4	50	40	00		
4.4	6.6		h				3.5		00	12	oo	100	00
			THUYA	PYRA	AMID	ALIS	•						
Pyramidal Ar	borvitae	2 to 3	feet.				50) 4	. 00	30	00		
4.4	4.6	10 to	12 incl	h			20		50		00		
				YA H									
Hoovey's Go	lden Arl	orvitae	, 12 inc	ch			30) 2	00	15	00		
**	• •		8 to 1	o inc	h		20		50	10		90	
									J			J ~	

NURSERY GROWN SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

Transplanted.

				Wł	HITE	BIR	CH	, EU	ROF	PE#	IN.						
														10		1,0	00.
Birch, V	Vhite,	1 1/2	to 2	inch	ies d	iamet	ter			\$	30	\$2	00	\$15	00	\$	
6.	6.6	8 to	to fe	et .									50		00		4
6.6	6.6	6 to	−7 fe	et,							20	1	50	7	00		
6.6	6.6	4 to	5 fe	et .									_	-			
					AME	BRIC	NAC	LIN	DE	N.							
Linder,	Amer	ican,	$I \frac{1}{2}$	to 2	incl	hes d	iam	eter.			бо	5	00	40	00		
4.6	4.6		8 to	OI	fect.						40	3	00	25	00		
6.6	4.4		6 to	- 8	feet.						30	2	00	15	00	125	00
6.6	. 6		4 to	6	feet.						20	I	50	9	00	75	00,
					N	ORW	AY	MAF	LE.								
Maple,	Norwa	y, 4	to 6	feet							20	I	50	10	00	90	00
**	6.6	3	to 4	feet								I	00	7	00	60	00

Each 10 100 1.000 1.			SOFT MAPLE.						
***			SOLL WITT BE:	Each.		10.	10	0.	1,000.
*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	Maple,	Soft,	S to ro fcet	\$ 25	\$1	50	\$10	00	\$
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##		• •		-					
### AMERICAN WHITE ELM. Elm, White, 4 inches in diameter, fine	b	6 +		ΙO		7.5	6	00	
Elm, White, 4 inches in diameter, fine	4 6	4.6	3 to 4 feet			50	4	00	
## 1 75 15 00 100 00 1 2 to 3 inches diameter, fine			AMERICAN WHITE E	LM.					
## 2 to 3 inches diameter, fine	Elm, V	Vhite,	4 inches in diameter, fine	2 00	17	50	150	00	
## 2 to 3 inches diameter, fine			3	1 75	15	00	100	00	
## 150 10 00 ## 150 10 00 ## HORSE CHESTNUTS Chestnut, Horse, 12 to 15 inch 1 00 5 00 40 00 ## 10 to 12 inch 3 50 30 ### Ash, 8 to 10 feet 25 2 00 15 00 ## 10 to 8 feet 20 1 50 9 00 ### 2 feet 25 2 00 15 00 ### 2 feet 20 1 50 9 00 ### 3 to 4 feet 25 2 00 10 00 ### 3 to 4 feet 25 2 00 10 00 ### 3 to 4 feet 20 1 50 8 00 ### 3 to 4 feet 35 2 00 12 00 100 ### 3 to 4 feet 35 2 00 12 00 100	b 6		2 to 3 inches diameter, fine	I 00	8	00	7.5	00	
## HORSE CHESTNUTS. Chestnut, Horse, 12 to 15 inch		5.6	8 feet np, fine	3.5	3	OO	15	00	
HORSE CHESTNUTS. Chestnut, Horse, 12 to 15 inch	b 6	6.6	6 to 7 feet	20	1	50	10	00	
Chestnut, Horse, 12 to 15 inch	4.6		3 to 4 feet	15	I	00	5	00	
### 10 to 12 inch			HORSE CHESTNU	TS.					
### 10 to 12 inch	Chestn	ut, H	orse, 12 to 15 inch	I 00	5	00	40	00	
White Ash, 8 to 10 feet	+ +						3	50	30 00
BOX ELDER. BOX ELDER. Box Elder, 8 to 10 feet			AMERICAN WHITE	.HSF					
BOX ELDER. Box Elder, 8 to 10 feet	White	Ash,	8 to το feet	25	2	00	1.5	()()	
BOX ELDER. Box Elder, 8 to 10 feet	6.6	h 4	6 to 8 feet	20	Ī	50	9	00	
BOX ELDER. Box Elder, 8 to 10 feet	4.4	h +	4 to 6 fect	15	1	00	- 6	OO	50 00
Box Elder, 8 to 10 feet 25 2 00 10 00 " 6 to 8 feet 20 1 50 8 00 " 4 to 6 feet 15 1 00 6 00 45 " 3 to 4 feet 4 00 30 CATALPA SPECIOSA Catalpa, 3 inches in diameter 50 4 00 30 00 " 2 inches in diameter 40 3 00 20 00 " 8 to 10 feet 35 2 00 12 00 100	4.4	6.6	2 feet				2	00	18 00
6 to 8 feet 20 1 50 8 00 4 to 6 feet 15 1 00 6 00 45 4 00 30 CATALPA SPECIOSA Catalpa, 3 inches in diameter 50 4 00 30 00 2 inches in diameter 40 3 00 20 00 8 to 10 feet 35 2 00 12 00 100			BOX ELDER						
CATALPA SPECIOSA. Catalpa, 3 inches in diameter 50 4 00 30 00 2 inches in diameter 40 3 00 20 00 8 to 10 feet 35 2 00 12 00 100	Box E	lder, 8	8 to 10 feet	25	2	00	Į O	00	
CATALPA SPECIOSA. Catalpa, 3 inches in diameter 50 4 00 30 00 2 inches in diameter 40 3 00 20 00 3 to 10 feet 35 2 00 12 00 100				20	I	50	8	00	
CATALPA SPECIOSA Catalpa, 3 inches in diameter 50 4 00 30 00 2 inches in diameter 40 3 00 20 00 40 3 00 20 00 35 2 00 12 00 100	6.4	4.4	4 to 6 feet	15	1	OO	- 6	00	45 0
Catalpa, 3 inches in diameter 50 4 00 30 00 2 inches in diameter 40 3 00 20 00 8 to 10 feet 35 2 00 12 00 100	4.4		to 4 feet				-1	00	30 0
2 inches in diameter			CATALPA SPECIO	SA.					
2 inches in diameter	Catalo	a. 3 i)	nches in diameter	50	4	00	30	00	
8 to 10 feet				_			-		
	6 6				_			00	100 0
	6.4					50	7	00	60 0

NURSERY GROWN FOREST AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

Seedlings.

LARCH, EUROPEAN.	10	0, 1,	λοο.	10.000).
European Larch, 12 to 15 inch	\$1 5			\$90	00
10 to 12 inch	1 2	≥5 8	00	75	00
" 6 to 8 inch	1 (00 7	00	60	00
WHITE BIRGH, EUROPER	IN.				
Birch, White, 10 to 12 inch	1 (00 6	00	50	00
6 to 8 inch	5	50 4	00	35	00
4 to 6 inch		. 3	00	25	00
AMERICAN LINDEN.					
Linden, American, 10 to 12 inch	1 5	50 12	00		
6 to 10 inch	1 (00 8	00		
"European, 8 to 10 inch	1 5	50 12	00		

AMERICAN WHITE ELA					
		100.		000.	10,000.
Elm, White, 10 to 15 inch		75		50	20 00
6 to 10 inch		60	2	00	18 00
AMERICAN ASH.					
Ash, American, 10 to 12 inch		50		00	18 00
" 6 to ro inch		50	I	75	15 00
OATALPA SPECIOSA					
Catalpa, 12 to 18 inch	\$1	00	\$4	00	\$
" 10 to 12 inch		60	-	00	25 00
" 6 to 10 inch		50	2	50	20 00
BOX ELDER.					
Box Elder, 10 to 12 inch		50	2	50	
" 8 to 10 inch		50	2	00	18 00
SOFT MAPLE.					
Maple, Soft, 12 to 18 inch		75	3	00	25 0 0
" 10 to 12 inch		50	2	00	18 00
" Sugar, 10 to 12 inch	I	00	7	00	бо оо
" 6 to 10 inch		75	5	00	40 00
" Norway, 8 to 10 inch	1	50		00	90 00
" 6 to 8 inch	I	00	8	00	70 00
BLACK WALNUT.					
Walnut, Black, fine, 18 to 24 inch.	I	00	7	00	60 00
" " 12 to 18 inch		75	5	00	40 00
WHITE WALNUT, OR BUTTE	RN	UT.			•
Walnut, White, 12 to 18 inch	1	25	10	00	90 00
" " 10 to 12 inch	1	00	8	00	70 00
RUSSIAN MULBERRY.					
Mulberry, Russian, 12 to 15 inch		75	.1	00	35 00
" 10 to 12 inch		50	•	00	25 00
" 6 to 10 inch				00	18 00
HORSE CHESTNUT.					
Chestnut, Horse, 10 to 12 inch	2	00			
BLACK LOCUST.					
Locust, Black, 18 to 24 inch		75	3	50	35 00
" 12 to 18 inch		50	_	00	25 00
Cottonwood, 10 to 12 inch		35		50	13 00
				_	,

DESCRIPTION OF EVERGREENS.

PICEA PUNGENS,—BLUE SPRUCE—See First Cover Page.

This is the King of Spruces, clothed in royal robes of silver and sapphire, a very Kohinoor among the gems of the Rockies. It is a child of the storm king, growing at an altitude of from 8,000 to 10,000 feet above the level of the sea. It is generally found even there in deep gorges or on the north of the the ranges. We would naturally suppose that it could not endure a sudden change or thrive in a hot climate. There are some fine specimens growing in

Washington; also in North Carolina. The question arises, while the tree endures such a diversity of climate, why is it never found on the lower altitudes, or among the foot hills? The answer is, it could not possibly grow there. The Douglas, the Ponderosa and Concolor have larger seeds and send out a strong plant, and therefore they are found lower down. Pungens seed is small, about 170,000 to the pound. In the higher altitudes are frequent showers and often moss in the woods, and the ground is seldom dry. It is not hot enough to kill the plants, and so, on the high altitudes, nature has provided for their propogation. The cone on the Pungens is about one-half the size of that of the Norway. The needles are short and sharp—pungent—hence the name. They are polished like glass.

THE CONCOLOR.

I take this description from an article in the Boston Congregationalist: "The tree with that bright foliage is the Concolor. Riding with a friend in Massachusetts last winter, far off on a hill we saw a row of evergreens. There, said I, is a tree from the Rockies, which proved to be true. As the name indicates, it is even colored, the same the year around. But you say: What a marvelous beauty this has—ermine and emerald blended. Such a sheen! A tree dressed in glory! What is it? It is a robe of matchless beauty the great horticulturist has given these Conifers, making them the most attractive of anything on earth. They are held in reserve for these later days, when nature and art unite to make home, lawn and landscape so attractive to the eye of taste. Note the contrast of this rare color with the deep green of the pines. There are one or two of these on the princely estate of Mr. Hunnewell at Wellesly. They are true to their nature—some trees put on worderous beauty while young, but these retain their attractiveness down to old age, and wear their brightness, as a christian does his joy, to the very last.

"But in order to see these trees in all their glory, you should see them while bearing their cones. Here is a grove of them. All are dressed in their marvelous attire of silver and green. On one tree the blossoms are of a deep, rich purple. What a contrast to the other hues! But this other tree has blossoms and cones of the brightest green—another contrast. The cones grow erect at the top of the tree. They are perfect in form and about the size of an ear of sweet corn. As they mature in their perfect symmetry, these colors seem to deepen, and then from the cone that clear gum exudes; the sun shines, and it sparkles like crystals. Take this grove then, with the sun shining brightly upon it, with its green and silver, its purple and crystal, and it seems almost too beautiful for earth. From the small plantings of this tree in the east one has no conception of its coming symmetry and grace, its beauty of mingled tints; and yet at the east I note that these trees do as well as in their own habitat, and you will soon have these mountain treasures there, that will hold the stranger spellbound by their unique beauty. I have tried selecting seeds from the rarest specimens, and find that among the thousands now coming up, most of them fairly sparkle with silver."

DOUGLAS SPRUCE,—Seudotsuga Douglassi.

This is emphatically the tree for the million. While on a visit to the eastern nurseries, I noted in almost every instance that it was the most rapid grower of all the conifers. Sometimes the complaint is made that it grows too fast, and is not compact enough for the lawn tree, yet on my grounds they seem to have the perfection of form. The foliage is soft and somewhat resembles the Hemlock, hence the name, (resembling the Hemlock.) In the mountains it is a grand tree. It reaches from the Rockies to the Pacific slope, and our Chief

of Forestry, B. E. Feanow, tells us that he never on earth saw such a burden of lumber to the acre as that produced by this tree in the west. We are of the mind that the seeds from the Conifers gathered on the Pacific Slope are tender, while those gathered in Colorado produce hardy trees, which endure both drought and cold.

The lumber of this tree is very strong, and is invaluable for timber, joists and scantlings, and makes good lumber for finishing, though like the Hemloek, it is easily split. In color it is like the Red Wood of the Pacific Coast.

I want to call your attention to one feature of this tree. In the deep gorges and on the north side of the mountains, as you reach the high altitudes, you will find them of the deep blue type—literally sparkling with silver. Seen at a distance they are often taken for the Pungens. These trees should be sought out and cultivated, for in addition to their rich coloring, they have more flexible grace than the rigid Pungens.

NORWAY SPRUCE.—Abies Excelsa.

A very popular variety from Europe. It has been more extensively planted in this country than has any other evergreen. In fact, it is so well known as being one of the best evergreens for ornamental purposes, that it is only necessary to say that it is also the most valuable for wind breaks, screens and hedges.

AMERICAN WHITE SPRUCE.—Picea Alba.

Pyramidal tree of dense growth, with light, silvery green foliage. A more compact tree in all respects than the Norway Spruce. Fine for lawn planting or use near the sea shore. One of the best for general use.

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE.

This is the Picea Alba or the White Spruce, but with this difference: That while the Norway and the Black and White Spruce will not endure the winter droughts of the western plains, this tree seems well adapted for all the regions from which the others are excluded. Growing in a dry climate and often richly colored, it seems to meet the requirements of a vast field. While the air of the plains has but about 50 degrees of moisture to 90 degrees in the eastern states, it is necessary to have something which will endure the bright sun and drying winds of winter. We have not the experience with this tree we have with the Rocky Mountain Conifers, yet having a few thousand growing, we have great faith in them for the west, and see no reason why they should not do well in the east also.

HEMLOCK SPRUCE. - Abies Canedensis, Sometimes Called Weeping Spruce.

This is a well known evergreen of high northern latitudes. It is one of the most graceful spruces, with light and spreading spray, frequently branching almost to the ground. It is a beauty for the lawn and makes a highly ornamental hedge.

BALSAM FIR.—P. Balsamea.

A well known, popular tree, very handsome while young, assuming the upright, conical form; leaves dark green above, silvery beneath; retains its color throughout the severest winter weather; grows quite rapidly when established; desirable every way.

WHITE PINE, -P. Strobus.

It is the most ornamental of all our native pines. Foliage light, delieate, silvery green. Flourishes in the dryest, poorest soil; easily transplanted.

SCOTCH PINE.—Pinus Sylvestris.

A rapid growing, hardy variety, with stout, erect shoots, and silvery green foliage. Valuable for shelter and makes a good lawn tree, and being one of the hardiest of the evergreen family, it readily adapts itself to the trying climate of Minnesota, the Dakotas and Montana. It also thrives well and the dry plains of Kansas, and is perfectly at home in Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska and other states.

AUSTRIAN PINE: OR BLACK PINE.—P. Austriaca syn. Nigricans.

A remarkably robust, hardy, spreading tree, leaves long, stiff and dark green; rapid grower; valuable for this country.

PINUS PONDEROSA, OF COLORADO.

Heavy wooded Pine, a rapid grower, forming a tree of great size. Bark reddish and foliage longer and coarser than the Red or Norway Pine. A valuable tree for the west and northwest.

DWARE MOUNTAIN PINE.—Pinus Montana.

It is a bautiful little tree or bush, foliage very dense and of a rich, dark green; very valuable for ornamental purposes. It is perfectly hardy in the most exposed situations.

JUNIPER VIRGINIAN.

RED CENAR.—A well known American tree. It varies much in habit and color of foliage. It succeeds well on the plains of Nebraska and Kansas, where other evergreens fail. It is very desirable for ornamental purposes; also for wind breaks, shelter belts and hedges.

AMERICAN ARBORVITAE.—Thuya Occide Italis.

A handsome tree of regular and symmetrical habits. Growth thick and bushy; one of the best and most useful evergreens; excellent for screens and hedges.

PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITAE.

A superb, new and hardy sort, of very compact habit; much better than the Irish Juniper, and growing in a perfect column; rare and beautiful. Largely planted in cemeteries, owing to the small amount of space it occupies. This is perhaps the most valuable Arborvitae in cultivation.

THE EUROPEAN LARCH.

Is the greatest timber tree in Europe, combining rapid growth with great durability, extreme hardiness, adaptability to any variety of soil not too wet, and remarkably free from disease. It is also very desirable as an ornamental tree, its conical shape, regular, delicate brunches, and soft, light green leaves, making a striking contrast to the different varieties of European and ornamental trees. Thrives well in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

